

THE NEW NORTH.

VOLUME 17, NO. 15.

RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, JUNE 1, 1899.

TERMS—\$1.50 IN ADVANCE

Special Good Values! Corsets, Corset Waists, Kid Gloves!

We are selling some of the very best makes in these goods.

Royal Worcester,
Loomer's Tailor Made,
Dowager, Imported "P. D.,"
C. C. C. High Bust,
Balls, and many other cheaper grades.

OUR KID GLOVE STOCK!

Is Full Of All Qualities, Prices
And Colors. Don't Miss Us.

SPAFFORD & COLE.

Shoes!

Found Dead in a Saloon.

John Porkholm, an employee in one of the Brown-Robbins Lumber Co.'s camps up to Tuesday, was found dead in a room in Nedlund's saloon on Brown street Tuesday afternoon. As no one could give an account of the man an investigation as to the cause of his death was deemed necessary. A coroner's jury impaneled by Justice of the Peace Mason, composed of W. W. Tension, Richard Rydell, Dr. Whiting, Fred Anderle, John Schaefer and John McMillan, viewed the remains and gathered what evidence they could. It was decided to return a verdict that death resulted from causes unknown after the testimony obtainable was in. The dead man was said to be 22 years of age and had been in this country less than a month. He had been suffering from a severe attack of quinsy and was hardly able to swallow food. His throat troubled him so Monday that he resolved to come into the city Tuesday and see if something could be done to relieve him. A fellow-workman suggested that he buy a good drink of liquor and he would come out all right, and from what can be learned Porkholm followed the suggestion, although he was not a drinking man. He drew \$10.00 and upon arriving in town Tuesday invested in a pint of brandy, and following the advice of his friend in camp, took a good drink, in fact the whole pint. He was found dead a few hours afterwards. The funeral was held Wednesday afternoon.

Carnival Fire Works.

The Illumination of Milwaukee Bay during the Water Carnival on June 27 will be in the hands of the Palace fire works people. The main features will consist of varying electric fountain effects, exploding mines and other features designed for the occasion. The Carnival managers are to furnish two vessels, several electric launches and scows, and the fire works people will supply the men needed in the display, together with wire and other paraphernalia. Fire works will follow the band concerts and singing on the water, and will take about sixty minutes. Taken all together this display will be far ahead of anything hitherto seen in Wisconsin.

A President's Grave Unmarked.

Two pages of pictures in the June Ladies' Home Journal, giving views of the plates "Where Our Presidents are Buried," recall the fact that four of the first five of our Chief Executives sleep in the soil of Old Virginia. The picture shows that the grave of President John Tyler, at Richmond, Virginia, is absolutely unmarked—even by a small headstone. Visitors to Hollywood Cemetery are shown a scarcely perceptible mound, over which a magnolia tree spreads its shade in summer, as the resting place of our tenth President. The burial places of all the others are marked with monuments or tombs, except those of the two Adamses, who are buried under the portico of the First Church at Quincy, Massachusetts.

Farm For Sale.

160 acre farm, with house, barn and outbuildings, in Town of Pelican, within one-half hour's drive from city, school house within one-half mile, 25 acres cleared, plowed and seeded, 20 trees orchard planted. Good roads. I also have horse and carriage, cutters, sleighs, etc., all in good condition. Will sell or trade this property and am in a position to offer exceptional inducements to buyer. The property has the making of one of the best stock farms in this section and with competent management will rank first among the many good tracts of land in the country. With the exception of about 15 acres the land is level. All the land can be tilled. There will be 25 acres of clover ready to reap by next season. I have the best of reasons for selling but have no time to waste with idle inquiries. I want to sell this farm and will make some man a big bargain. CHARLES BROWN, Rhinelander, Wis.

Excursion Tickets to Oshkosh.

Via the North-Western Line, will be sold at reduced rates, from stations in Wisconsin, June 5, 6 and 7, limited to June 18, inclusive, on account of I. O. O. F., Grand Lodge. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Look out for the Canadian Jubilee Concert Co. in the opera house June 28.

A Smooth Agent.

F. E. Noyes, of the Chippewa Falls Art Company, was in Rhinelander Saturday in the interest of his firm. Mr. Noyes was a pleasant caller at the New North office, and stated that his business here was to square up, as best he could, with people who had been victimized by their agent in a recent trip through here. The Art Company do a general photograph and portrait business, and the agent was sent out by them to take orders for enlarging pictures. Rhinelander is no different from other cities, and numbers among her citizens many who are willing to take something for nothing, so this agent worked his little scheme here and caught a large number of fish. He carried a nice line of samples of crayon, water color and pastel work, which he exhibited, and would then offer to take one of their photographs, enlarge it in any of the above styles and deliver it to them all framed for the small sum of fifty cents, paid in advance. Or he would take them a dozen cabinet photographs for 75 cents—also paid in advance. It is just at this season of the year that suckers run up the creek, and the smooth agent had no difficulty in securing a large number of orders—but the pictures never came. When anyone knows that the price asked would scarcely pay for the glass alone, it is hard to explain how they expected to get portrait, frame and glass for that amount. It is surprising that people will allow agents of this sort to enter their premises and swindle them in this way, when they can obtain first-class work right at home at reasonable prices. Mr. Krueger owns a photograph gallery in Rhinelander, and does as fine work as is done in the state, and ought to receive all the patronage. It's a shame to allow such scoundrels to come into a community and bamboozle honest people out of their money. The New North don't believe in allowing outside parties to come into the city and solicit orders for any line of goods carried by the business men of our city.

We picked up a couple of circulars the first of the week, one of which announced that a fur man would be in Rhinelander at a given time to take orders for fur garments. The other was to inform people that a traveling salesman for a Milwaukee firm would soon visit the city with a line of women's shoes. They should be given the cold shoulder by our people. We have merchants in Rhinelander whose names appear in the columns of the New North each week, who carry as fine a line of shoes as can be found in the larger cities. Those in need of fur garments can order them through these merchants, and allow them to make a reasonable profit, in place of giving it to these outsiders who never pay one cent to help defray the city's expenses. Remember, it is our home merchants who are taxed heavily to help school your children, and every dollar sent out of town is that much taken from your neighbor and friend. When you want credit you don't ask the city solicitor for it. No. Then you go to the home merchant, and he accommodates you.

It might not be out of place to say right here that merchants also should patronize home industries. We had a merchant—one of those who don't advertise—take us to task a short time ago, because we didn't "roast" the city administration for allowing traveling peddlers to sell their goods in the city. At the same time this merchant was using stationery he had had printed out of town. The printer has to live as well as the merchant, and is the best friend the city has.

The Merrill Star contains the following good advice to its readers:

The next time a traveling peddler calls at your door and tries to sell you goods, ask if he will take your eggs, butter and other farm products; ask him if, when your neighbor gets ready to build a bridge over the slough, he would willingly donate a few dollars to help it along. Tell him there is a poor family down the road; would he donate a little money to buy provisions. Ask him if he will contribute to a new enterprise just starting. Your home merchant will do all this and much more.

Give the agents and peddlers a wide berth, and patronize home industries.

Bicycle Club Meet.

A meeting of the new bicycle club will be held Friday night at eight o'clock in the council rooms for the purpose of passing resolutions to help the city enforce the bicycle ordinances. A large attendance of riders is earnestly desired.

Memorial Day.

The exercises here in honor of the Nation's dead were impressive, the spectacle of Co. H in full uniform together with John A. Logan Post, G. A. R., headed by the new band making a sight never before seen on our streets. The day could not have been more perfect for the observance, the sun being out in full glory and a light breeze stirring. The attendance was the largest ever had at a memorial service here.

The old soldiers and the militia men, with the band, formed in marching order at the Post headquarters at 2 o'clock and marched up Stevens street, across Rives to Brown and from Brown on to the burying ground. Many carriages were in line.

The services at the graves were of the usual order and were in charge of Com. F. M. Mason of John A. Logan Post. At the grave officially decorated a short address was delivered by Comrade W. F. Gorrell, of Geo. H. Thomas Post No. 5, Chicago.

Commencement Program.

The program of exercises for the class of '99 is printed below. The exercises will be held in the Grand opera house, tomorrow evening, June 2. The class this year numbers 11, and is made up of the following students: LaVern Budge, H. Elizabeth Miller, Mattie M. Peck, Grace I. Miller, Nellie D. Plugh, Erna A. Kuehl, Alice E. Walsh, Nettie J. LaPres, Catherine E. Walsh, Earl W. Clarke and Charles B. Vaughan. The program is as follows:

Musical—Rev. James Blake. Prayer—Rev. James Blake. Class History—Nellie Plugh. Oration—A Plea for the Philippines. Oration—The Drama of Life—Erna Kuehl. Essay—The Chivalry of Lancelot. Essay—"Higher Education"—Catherine Walsh. Oration—Secrets of Success—Mattie Peck. Essay—Nihilism—Alice Walsh. Essay—"I Am"—The LaPres. Oration—The Drama of Life—Erna Kuehl. Class Property—LaVern Budge. Oration—"Our Navy"—Earl Clarke. Presentation of Diplomas—Earl Clarke.

A Card of Thanks.

I wish to say that I feel under lasting obligations for what Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has done for our family. We have used it in so many cases of coughs, lung troubles and whooping cough, and it has always given the most perfect satisfaction, we feel greatly indebted to the manufacturers of this remedy and wish them to please accept our hearty thanks.—Respectfully, Mrs. S. Doty, Des Moines, Iowa. For sale by Anderle & Hinman.

Trimmed Up Again.

The Tomahawk base ball boys came, they played and were beaten by a scrub nine picked up here a few hours before the match. The Tomahawks were done up because, as the New North said before, they couldn't play ball. The game came off Sunday at the Fair Ground Park and was witnessed by a crowd of good size.

The home boys felt kindly toward the visitors and for six innings allowed them to enjoy themselves, which they did. Then the all-around superiority of the home players was made manifest. They pounded out score after score, until at the end of the ninth inning 29 had piled up. The visitors (who couldn't help it) were content with 12. The boys don't seem to play with the vim and fire that formerly characterized their antics on the diamond, but owing to the easy marks they have bumped up against lately it hasn't been necessary.

Union Memorial Services.

The churches of this city united in Memorial service at the Baptist church Sunday evening, which was well attended, the auditorium and parlors being filled. Co. H., W. N. G., marched in a body to the G. A. R. hall, and acted as an escort to John A. Logan Post to the church, where seats had been reserved for both organizations. Rev. G. H. Kemp read the scripture lesson and Rev. Blake led in prayer. Music was furnished by a choir composed of Misses J. J. Beardon, G. W. Bishop, Geo. Van-Verst, Miss Stevens, Mr. Bennett and A. J. Lytle, with Miss Bethell at the piano, and was all that could be desired. The memorial sermon was delivered by Rev. Blake, pastor of the Baptist church. He likened the army to the church, but showed wherein they differed. He said the soldiers gathered from all sections and presented a united front to the enemy, but when the clergy met that random shafts fell among themselves and missed the common foe. Rev. Blake was of the opinion that the unity of purpose shown by the army could well be patterned after by the followers of the lowly Nazarene.

GET OUR PRICES

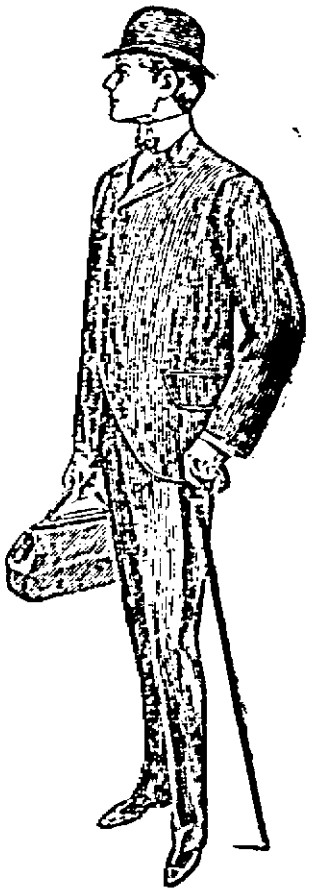
If you had any idea how much better these Hart, Schaffner & Marx suits are than ordinary clothes you would much rather have them, even at a higher price. The fact is we sell them for as little and often for less than you would pay for inferior goods elsewhere. You owe it to yourself to come in here and see them before you buy. It costs nothing to investigate. We like to show our goods.



GUARANTEED CLOTHING.

These goods for sale only by H. LEWIS,

Gray's old stand, Brown St., Rhinelander.



FOUR-BUTTON SACK SUIT
Copyright 1899
By Hart, Schaffner & Marx

Great Tension on Piano Strings.

The strings of the modern piano cause a strain or a pull on the iron plate averaging from sixteen to twenty-two tons. The system of construction and bracing must be such as to give absolute safety against the pull of the strings and consequent cracking of the iron plate. Experts find the perfection of resistance to this strain in the Kimball piano, in which pre-eminent strength and endurance is secured by the scientific system of cross-bar bracing used in its construction.—Chicago Tribune.

Would Not Suffer So Again For Fifty Times Its Price.

I awoke last night with severe pains in my stomach. I never felt so badly in all my life. When I came down to work this morning I felt so weak I could hardly work. I went to Miller & McCurdy's drug store and they recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It worked like magic and one dose fixed me all right. It certainly is the finest thing I ever used for stomach trouble. I shall not be without it in my home hereafter, for I should not care to endure the sufferings of last night again for fifty times its price.—G. H. Wilson, Livertyman, Burnettstown, Washington Co., Pa. This remedy is for sale by Anderle & Hinman.

Invitations are out for the Junior class ball to take place June 5.

Since the passage of the True marriage law six licenses have been issued by County Clerk Brennan.

Children's Day exercises will be held at the Congregational church June 11.

The Y. P. S. C. E. will elect officers for the ensuing six months next Sunday evening.

Rev. Geo. H. Kemp will lecture at the First Congregational church on Sunday evening at 7:45 on studies of character, "Lonely Men." Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45.

Ely Sterling has been confined to his rooms for the past week with an attack of pneumonia. His friends are pleased to note that his condition is not serious.

Wm. Beyer, who has been laid up at the hospital with an injured limb upon which an operation was performed recently, is again able to be about the streets.

Regular morning service at 10:30 at the M. E. church next Sunday. Subject, "Christian Baptism." Sunday School at 12 m. Epworth League at 6:45. Evening preaching service at 7:45.

Pat Mullen, who for the past two years has been engaged in the livery business in Minneapolis, has removed with his family to Everett, Wash., which place he expects to make his home in the future.

You recall how you enjoyed the Remenyi concert given here two years ago. The Louise Brahmy Co. appearing here June 7 give even a better program than Remenyi did.

Most of the machinery for the manufacture of stove boards has been placed in position by the Washburn Screen Door Co. and the boards will soon be turned out. The machinery will be operated by a powerful electric motor supplied with current from a Westinghouse dynamo located in the engine room of the screen door factory.

A change in the office force of the Brown-Robbins Lumber Co. places Secretary F. H. Johnson in the position of general manager, Frank Besigye having been engaged as stenographer and Arthur Darling given the position of bookkeeper. The change will enable Mr. Johnson to devote more time to the general run of affairs about the office.

A large crowd of men anxious for a look at the ex-champion pugilist of the United States assembled at the North-Western depot Wednesday to see the great and only John L. The big fighter knew that he was the center of observation but he looked neither to the right nor left but started over to the Rapids House and was whisked to the hotel.

A party consisting of the Misses Eva Kemp, Pearl Curran, Margaret Nash, Janette Kyle, Lou Stevens, Jessie Langdon, Mary Gray and Messrs. Webb, Curran, Melklejohn, Harry Kemp, Charles Stevens and Claude Skerpan will leave tomorrow for Lake George where they will remain until Monday. They will occupy the Baldwin cottage. Mrs. Perry Clark will act as chaperone.

The Premium Lists for the Fourth Annual Fair of the Oshkosh Co. Agricultural Society are printed and those who have not already obtained copies may secure them by calling at this office. Liberal premiums are offered and farmers and others will profit by a careful perusal of the book. Full three months will elapse before the Fair and ample time is given exhibitors to prepare displays. We call attention to the advertisements in the books attesting the appreciation of the business men.

Gordon H. Gile, of Oshkosh, was visiting friends here Monday. He was on his way home from Hurley where he holds extensive interests. Mr. Gile enjoys the distinction of being one of the founders of that, at one time lively Northern city, having settled there in the 70's when the prospects of a city were not of the brightest. He built the first depot there and it is said hired and paid the salary of an operator pending the rather too slow action of the railroad company. He is a man held in high esteem by his friends.

NEW NORTH.

REINHOLANDER PAINTING COMPANY.
REINHOLANDER, - WISCONSIN.

CHAS. NICHOLAS II. is said to have an aversion to the needless slaughter of animals of any kind. He has recently forewarned the pleasures of the chase and the shooting of game, and the birds and beasts in the imperial preserves live in undisturbed quiet.

The tallest man in the United States navy has been selected to take this part of Uncle Sam in the peace jubilee, to be held in Washington in June. The man who will represent this character is Chief Yeoman Willis, who stands six feet seven inches and is well proportioned.

A FRENCH medical journal gives reasons for believing that consumption is of vegetable origin. It is said that certain kinds of grass harbor a parasite that produces practically the same results as the tubercle bacillus. If this is true it would account for the prevalence of the disease in so many cows.

Mrs. MARCHAND, the explorer, has received from the French academy of moral and political sciences the Audifred prize of 15,000 francs "for the greatest act of devotion of any kind." About the same time the French government bestowed upon his sister, Mlle. Marchand, the right to keep a tobacco shop in the Rue de la Tour d'Auvergne in Paris.

A NEW method of illumination on the ocean consists of using a hollow cylinder of steel tubing, charged with calcium carbide. This shell is to be shot from a gun to a distance of two miles. When it strikes the water it generates acetylene gas and gives 1,000 candle power, which burns from the end which floats. This light can not be extinguished by water.

JERRY SIMPSON, according to the Chicago Record, is said to have saved enough from his congressional salary to keep him in reasonable comfort the rest of his life. He has a good ranch down at Medicine Lodge, which he "took up" as government land in early times; a bunch of 400 or 500 cattle, and various investments that cause him to be rated at \$50,000 by the commercial agencies.

THE most magnificent tomb in the world is the Taj Mahal, in Agra, Hindustan. It was erected by Shah Jehan to the memory of his favorite queen. It is octagonal in form, of pure white marble, inlaid with jasper, corals, turquoise, agate, amethysts and sapphires. The work took 22,000 men 20 years to complete, and, though there were free gifts and labor was free, the cost was \$20,000,000.

SWELL circles in New York are much exercised over the fact that Hetty Green, probably the richest woman in America, has taken a cottage at Newport for the season—a most unheard-of thing for Hetty to do. Some persons account for the extraordinary circumstance by saying she has determined to give her daughter a chance to pick a husband. Miss Green is a good-looking girl, possessed of a charming disposition.

THE largest flower in the world is the Rafflesia Arnoldi, of Sumatra. Its size is fully three feet in diameter—about the size of a carriage wheel. The five petals of this immense flower are oval and creamy white, growing round a center filled with countless long, violet-hued stamens. The flower weighs about 15 pounds, and is capable of containing nearly two gallons of water. The buds are like gigantic brown cabbage heads.

WHILE naval officers express the greatest affection for Adm. Dewey, it is stated that a homeward trip on board a vessel carrying an officer of Dewey's rank will not be one of great pleasure. The admiral will be given receptions and banquets, at all of which the junior officers will be obliged to attend. There will be inspections, reviews and exhibition drills, consequently those who return with Adm. Dewey are not especially envied by their brother officers.

ADM. DEWEY will pass under the largest triumphal arch of any hero in the world's history when he comes to New York. The plan to make of the Brooklyn bridge an arch and to decorate the structure in an elaborate manner in Dewey's honor has received the indorsement of Commissioner of Bridges Shea and Chief Engineer Martin. Bridge Commissioner Shea proposes that Adm. Dewey bring his flagship Olympia up the East river under the bridge to an anchorage to be selected by himself.

THE home-coming of Adm. Dewey has caused a boom in the dry goods trade. The demand for ordinary cloth and prints for conversion into bunting has nearly exhausted the supply, and it has been found necessary to take higher grades of materials including what is known as "sixty-four square." In the trade it is estimated that at least 500,000 pieces, or 25,000 yards of bunting will be used to welcome the hero of Manila. This extraordinary demand, coming on a rising market, it is said, will influence prices greatly.

FREDERICK W. SCHNEIDER, late of the 1st South Dakota infantry, has reached home from the Orient, and he brings the story that it is the practice of the Filipinos to inoculate American prisoners with the blood taken from lepers. He knows of two cases and thinks it likely that there are others. The blood was drawn from the diseased men, and the skin was opened in the arms of the two soldiers and the diseased blood injected into the Americans. He also says the Filipinos released 260 lepers from a lazaretto and sent them into Manila, hoping thus to infect American troops.

TO PUSH THE FIGHTING.

President McKinley Convinced That Further Parleying with the Filipinos Is Useless.

GEN. OTIS GIVEN FULL POWER TO ACT.

Insurgent Leaders in the Philippines Admitted Only for Complete Surrender—Additional Troops to Be Sent to the Philippines—The Rebels Attack San Fernando.

Washington, May 25.—The president received dispatches Wednesday from Gen. Otis and Prof. Schurman, president of the Philippine commission. These dispatches were read and fully considered by the president and Secretaries Hay, Gage, Long, Alger, Hitchcock and Wilson at a special cabinet meeting at the white house after the public reception.

The feature of the discussion was the proposition of Gen. Otis to continue the war unceasingly until the absolute surrender of the Filipinos was effected, and the proposition of Prof. Schurman to endeavor to secure the same end by diplomacy.

The result of the conference Wednesday night may be stated briefly as follows:

1. That Gen. Otis prosecute the campaign with vigor and after his own style.

2. That all possible means be tried to get before the Filipino people the terms of the president by which they can secure a lasting and advantageous peace. The latter conclusion of the cabinet will be entirely acceptable to the civilian members of the commission.

No More Parleys.

Washington, May 25.—"When you desire to reenter the American military lines, come prepared for an unconditional surrender; otherwise you will not be admitted." It was said at the war department that this in substance is the parting message Aguinaldo's peace envoys, so called, received when they left the American peace commissioners to return to Aguinaldo's headquarters. On commissioners, if they have not already, will receive instructions to adhere to this decision.

The forthrightness of further negotiations with irresponsible leaders of defiant rebels is at last fully appreciated by administration officials. The insurgents must be whipped into submission. The president is now of this opinion.

Will Send More Troops.

The fact that the authorities have again taken up the question of sending additional troops to the Philippines is a pretty good indication that they consider the recent peace negotiations a failure.

The secretary of war has ordered 2,000 recruits now at San Francisco for regular regiments in the Philippines to sail on the transport Sheridan June 7, for Manila.

Hard Fighting.

Manila, May 25.—The insurgents made a daring attack upon San Fernando at three o'clock yesterday morning. Montana and Kansas regiments surrounded the rebels and drove them to the mountains, after a fierce battle, in which the Filipinos lost 25 men killed and scores were wounded. The Americans lost one man and had nine wounded.

Cubans Are Stubborn.

Havana, May 25.—Maj. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, military governor of the Havana de la Isla department, wired Gov. Gen. Brooke at El Vedado, Thursday, that 200 Cubans, of the command of Gen. Rodriguez, near Mariano, dispersed Wednesday, after resolving not to take the \$75 per man. Some of them sold their arms and others took them to their homes. Telegrams from different points say that the Cuban army in the western provinces will adopt the idea of the troops in the orient, declining to give up arms or to accept American money.

Naval Militia Drills.

Washington, May 25.—The schedule for the naval militia drills on the great lakes has been made up. It will be on a more extensive scale than heretofore, and considerable is expected from it. The Ohio militia starts July 5 for an eight-day cruise on the United States steamer Michigan; the Michigan militia on July 20 for eight days, and the Illinois militia on August 7 for eight days.

Coney Island Fire-Sweep.

New York, May 25.—Coney Island property to the value of half a million dollars was destroyed by fire early Friday morning. 27 acres in the heart of the summer resort section, the district known as "The Bowers," being reduced to ashes. Two hundred buildings were burned. The fire is said to have been of incendiary origin.

Will Develop Alaska Coal Lands.

Seattle, Wash., May 25.—The Standard Oil company, having acquired not only the old Russian title, but a later mineral land grant from the United States government, to the coal lands at Cook's Inlet, Alaska, is preparing to develop the coal fields, which are of vast extent.

Famous Surgeon Dead.

Louisville, Ky., May 25.—Dr. Emory Alford Grant, an eminent surgeon, died at his home in this city Friday of heart disease, aged 55 years. Owing to his successful treatment of deformities, Dr. Grant attracted general attention from the medical world.

A Successful Trip.

New York, May 25.—The automobile carriage containing Alexander Winton and Mrs. Shanks arrived at the city hall from Cleveland, O., yesterday, making the trip of 767 1/2 miles in 4 days 11 hours and 15 minutes.

DEWEY AT HONG-KONG.

The Admiral Arrives on the Olympia and Will Remain for Several Days—An Interview.

Hong-Kong, May 25.—The United States cruiser Olympia, with Admiral Dewey on board, has arrived here from Manila. She was saluted by the ships of all nationalities.

The Olympia is going to dock here, and will remain ten days at this port. In the course of an interview Admiral Dewey said:

"I am not sorry to leave Manila at this time. I could not stand the care and responsibility much longer. It is vastly easier, sometimes, to be under orders than to issue them. During the year that has elapsed since we came to Manila I have not had one sick day and now, a year is long enough in the climate for an old man, and I am glad to be permitted a rest."

"I have the greatest enthusiasm in the future of the Philippines. I hope to see America's possessions the key to oriental commerce and civilization. The brains of our country will develop the untold agricultural and mineral richness of the islands."

"We must never sell them. Such an action would bring on another great war. I am sure, and in future years the idea that anybody should have seriously suggested it will be one of the curiosities of history."

"The insurrection broken. There will be no more hard battles. Aguinaldo and his generals must be captured, and then the very semblance of an insurrection will cease."

Washington, May 25.—Admiral Dewey telegraphs the navy department that he will stop at various places on his way to the United States and will reach New York about October 1.

IOWA PROHIBITIONISTS.

State Convention in Session at Des Moines Names Its Ticket and Adopts Resolutions.

Des Moines, Ia., May 25.—Rev. E. L. Eaton, of this city, declined the nomination for governor offered him Tuesday night and the prohibition state convention thereupon named M. W. Atwood, of Esterville, in his place. Other nominations were as follows: For lieutenant governor, George Briggsley, of Harrison county; D. S. Danley, of Jasper, for superintendent of public instruction; and A. B. Wray, of Creston, for railroad commissioner. Resolutions were adopted demanding entire suspension of alcoholic liquor traffic; favoring woman suffrage; election of senators by ballot; commending Secretary Long in suppressing the cotton on board American warships; demanding one day's rest in seven by all corporations; commending the czar of Russia for peace proposals. Owing to the fact that no one would accept the nomination for supreme judge it was decided to leave that portion of the ticket a blank.

ENVOYS AT WORK.

The Samoan Commissioners Are Welcomed to the Islands and Hold Their First Meeting.

Apia, Samoa, May 17, via Auckland, N. Z., May 25.—The Samoan commission, consisting of Bartlett Tripp, former United States minister to Austria-Hungary; Baron Speck von Sternberg, representing Germany; and C. H. Elliot, C. B. of the British embassy at Washington, representing Great Britain, held its first sitting. Nothing was disclosed regarding the deliberations; but it is reported that they will uphold the action of Admiral Kautz, the American naval commander.

Matabala sent the commissioners a letter of welcome and expressed hope that they would satisfactorily end the troubles in Samoa.

Rear Admiral Kautz has telegraphed to Washington that the Philadelphia will leave so as to reach San Francisco about June 25. The flagship will be replaced at Apia by the cruiser Newark.

Three Texas Men Lynched.

Houston, Tex., May 25.—Three white men, James Humphreys and his two sons, were lynched Wednesday night near the village of Aley, in Henderson county, an isolated neighborhood, devoid of telegraph, telephone or railway connections, and about 75 miles southwest of Dallas. The Humphreys were farmers. They were suspected of harboring a murderer and assisting him to escape.

Best Sugar Bounty.

Lansing, Mich., May 25.—The senate Wednesday night passed a best sugar bounty bill which had already passed the house providing a bounty of one cent per pound. This will call for an appropriation within the next year variously estimated at from \$200,000 to \$700,000. A hard fight was made to reduce the bounty, but it was in vain.

Deaths in the Army.

Washington, May 25.—Adj. Gen. Corbin has prepared this statement of the number of deaths which have occurred in the army since the beginning of the war with Spain: In Cuba, 1,292; in Porto Rico, 281; in Honolulu, 45; in the Philippines, 606; in the United States, 2,572. Total, 6,296.

Ready to Begin Payment.

Havana, May 25.—The distribution of the \$2,000,000, which the United States government has offered as a gratuity to the Cuban troops on disbanding and surrendering their arms, will begin at ten o'clock this morning at the foot of the Prado.

Roundhouse Partly Burned.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., May 25.—The western half of the Milwaukee roundhouse at Marion was destroyed by fire Friday night, together with seven locomotives. One man was severely burned.

Seven Negroes Lynched.

San Diego, Mexico, May 25.—Seven negroes were lynched by a mob near here because one of the colored men attempted to assault a white woman.

Spanish Statesman Dead.

Barcelona, May 25.—Enrique Castelar, leader of the republican party in Spain, and president in 1873, died in this city yesterday.

JUBILEE AT THE CAPITAL.

Washington Celebrates the Ending of War with Spain in a Most Demonstrative Manner.

INAUGURATED BY A NATIONAL SALUTE.

The Dolphin Fires Thirteen Guns, Bells Chime and Whistles Blow—President and His Cabinet Witness the Parade—Pyrotechnic Display in the Evening.

Washington, May 24.—Washington's peace jubilee was inaugurated at sunrise Tuesday by a national salute of 13 guns from the Dolphin, anchored off the navy yard, and by the chime of bells and sound of steam whistles all over the city. The day was declared a half holiday in the departments and the employees of nearly all the bureaus were released at noon, the hour being marked by a salute of 45 guns.

The day, which opened bright and promising, became heavily overcast at noon and the guns had scarcely finished the national salute before there was a downpour of rain that plastered the hunting decorations flat against the house fronts, and the crowds, which had just begun to gather on the streets, hurriedly sought shelter.

The Shells Clear.

The storm, however, was of brief duration. The sun came out and shone brilliantly throughout the afternoon. Over 5,000 men were in the parade. The route was that followed by the inauguration parades, down Pennsylvania avenue, around the treasury and in front of the white house grounds, where a large reviewing stand, gracefully decorated with bunting, had been erected. The three squares extending from the state war and navy to the treasury building had been transformed into a court of honor. On each side classic columns were reared, and two broad arches spanned by festooned flags and bunting marked the entrance and exit to the court. The public benches along the avenue at this point were black with people and the surrounding parks were thronged.

The president, members of the cabinet and their wives, ambassadors and foreign ministers with their attaches, Gen. Miles and his staff and many prominent people in public and private life occupied the reviewing stand. The enthusiasm was great as the parade passed through the court of honor. Cheers and applause greeted favorite organizations.

Great Pyrotechnic Display.

Probably 75,000 people went to the white lot at night to view the magnificent display of fireworks, which included a realistic reproduction of the battle of Manila, portraits of President McKinley, Admiral Dewey and of other notable characters of the war. President and Mrs. McKinley and most of the members of the cabinet, with the ladies of the families, occupied vantage seats, and were interested spectators of the exhibition.

The Second Day.

Washington, May 25.—The features of the second day of the national jubilee celebration in this city were the civic parade yesterday afternoon and a special reception by the president at the white house at night to visitors in the city.

The Jubilee Ends.

Washington, May 25.—A grand historic street pageant, followed by patriotic addresses, was the chief feature yesterday of the last day of the national peace jubilee in this city. The pageant was allegorical and historical and typified the great historic epochs in our country from Columbus at the court of Spain and the discovery of America down to the victory which crowned our arms in the war with Spain. President McKinley and his cabinet received the parade. The addresses from the reviewing stand in the court of honor followed. The jubilee closed at night with masked revellers at convention hall and a display of fireworks.

The Peace Conference.

Washington, May 25.—Meetings of the disarmament conference at The Hague indicate a unanimous acceptance of the principle of international arbitration and mediation. It is now generally thought by the delegates that the outcome of the conference will be as outlined by Andrew D. White, head of the American delegation, and that there will be nothing more than a suggestion as to disarmament.

Special Session Adjourns.

Albany, N. Y., May 25.—The state legislature, which met in special session Monday night, adjourned sine die at 3:22 o'clock Thursday afternoon after having passed the amended franchise tax bill and a bill appropriating \$75,000 for the expense of celebrating Admiral Dewey's return.

Burial at Sea.

Manchester, N. H., May 24.—Word has reached here that Benjamin Franklin Clark, United States consul at Pernambuco, died on board the steamer Havalia while returning to his home in this city and was buried at sea.

Dropped Dead.

Nashville, Tenn., May 25.—Col. E. W. Cole, of this city, one of the best-known of the coal, iron and railroad capitalists of the south, dropped dead in the Fifth Avenue hotel in New York.

Welcomed in France.

Paris, May 25.—Benjamin Harrison, ex-president of the United States, has arrived in this city and has been received by President Loubet.

Explosion Kills Three.

Hinsdale, Ind., May 25.—A boiler exploded in Henry Myers' sawmill here, killing his two sons and Perry Morrison.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

For the Week Ending May 27.

The business portion of Staples, Minn., was destroyed by fire.

The national Baptist anniversary meetings began in San Francisco.

Outlaws Sam and Bill Martin were killed by a sheriff's posse at Guthrie, O. T.

Block assaying \$50 gold to the ton has been found in Central park, New York.

Mrs. Lucinda Pratt, 103 years old, died at the home of her daughter in Chicago.

Tom Linton, a negro at Camp Creek, Ga., was killed by masked men for cause unknown.

Twenty houses were blown down and other damage was done by a tornado at Hastings, Neb.

Millions of bushels of corn and oats are being held for higher prices by farmers in Iowa.

Fire in New York city destroyed a row of tenement houses, making 100 families homeless.

Ex-Secretary and Mrs. John Sherman arrived at Mansfield, O., where they will spend the summer.

The funeral of Miss Margaret Bailey, aged nearly 101 years, took place at Monument City, Ind.

Cattle perished by the hundreds as a result of an unusual downpour of rain near El Dorado, Kan.

Henry Fourrier, a Frenchman, went a mile on a bicycle in Washington in 1:51 2/3, breaking all records.

Buildings were blown down, trees uprooted and several persons injured by a tornado at River Falls, Wis.

China was putting her troops on a war footing, owing to the arrival of six Italian warships in San Mun harbor.

The celebration of the seventy-fifth anniversary of the American Sunday-School union was held in Philadelphia.

Three men were killed and three fatally burned in an explosion at the Cambria blast furnace in Johnstown, Pa.

A. C. Kraenzlein, of Pennsylvania, made a running jump of 21 feet 4 1/2 inches in New York, establishing a new record.

The largest stamp mill in the world has been started by D. O. Mills at the Treadwell mine on Douglas island, Alaska.

The Hotel Men's Mutual Benefit association in session in Chicago elected D. Clifton Shears, of the Grand hotel in Cincinnati, president.

The Illinois Steel company at South Chicago broke the world's record of steel rail making in a 12-hour run. The new record is 1,210 tons.

Peter Myers, wife and one child and Mrs. Jerome Pfamm were drowned while attempting to cross a swollen creek near Hancock, Neb.

At Montgomery, Minn., Mrs. Frank Glass and her four-year-old son were drowned in a deep well. The mother lost her life trying to save her boy.

Over 50,000 Sunday-school children paraded in Brooklyn, N. Y., the occasion being the seventieth anniversary of the Brooklyn Sunday-School union.

The Iowa supreme court has confirmed the sentence of Frank A. Novak to the penitentiary for life in the murder of Edward Murray February 2, 1897, at Walford.

AN AWFUL TRAGEDY.

Dead Bodies of a Man, His Wife and Two Children Found at Joplin, Mo.

Joplin, Mo., May 26.—In and near a tent in the southeast part of town, Thursday, were found the dead bodies of J. L. Moss, his wife, an infant child, a girl of seven years and a boy of nine. The heads of all save Moss had been smashed with a hammer. He had a bullet hole in his head and still clasped a revolver. He had apparently killed his family, then committed suicide. The motive is a mystery. The tragedy is believed to have occurred on Tuesday night while the family were asleep.

Gen. Wood Reports.

Washington, May 26.—The following dispatch has just been received from Brig. Gen. Wood, the governor of Santiago province:

"Santiago, May 25.—To the Secretary of War, Washington: Just returned from inspection of principal interior towns and north coast, this department. People at work; no hunger; no application for general assistance during the trip; people absolutely quiet; no Cuban troops under arms anywhere in province, no brigandage."

"WOOD."

Cloning of Finnish Diet Immature.

Helsingfors, Finland, May 25.—The Finnish diet, after a protracted deliberation over the new military law, is discussing a counter measure by which some of the Russian institutions will be accepted, but the principle of the rights of Finland will be strictly safeguarded. The closing of the diet is now imminent and will accentuate the differences between the Russians and the Finns.

American Honored.

Berlin, May 27.—Dr. Von Schweinitz, the American representative at the tuberculosis congress here, has been chosen honorary secretary of the second session of that body. Surgeon Boyd, who represents the United States navy at the congress, will give a dinner at the Hotel Bristol to the United States government delegates and to the higher German medical officials.

Killed One Man.

Toulon, May 27.—The explosion of a shell at the Maritime pyrotechnic school, near the site of the recent terrible disaster following the explosion of the naval powder magazine, killed a master workman and wounded ten other people.

Stans Franchise Tax Bill.

Albany, N. Y., May 27.—Gov. Roosevelt signed the amended franchise tax bill.

PROVES A FLAT FAILURE.

Not a Single Cuban Soldier Presents Himself to Secure the \$75 Allotted.

THE FIRST ATTEMPT MADE AT HAVANA.

Better Results Are Expected in the Country Where the Ambitious Partisan Is Not So Strong—Cubans Object to the Surrendering of Their Arms.

Havana, May 29.—Not a soldier has thus far appeared at Lapunta to receive the honorarium of \$75 allotted by the United States for the surrender of arms and disbandment of the men composing the Cuban army.

At three minutes of ten Saturday morning, the hour set to begin the payment of the troops, Maj. Francis S. Dodge, of the paymaster's department, drove up in a four-mule team with \$25,000 in gold and \$9,000 in silver. Six guards accompanied him and details of men from the Eighth infantry were under arms to preserve order among the mobs which it was supposed would gather.

Col. George M. Randall, of the Eighth infantry, was present as commissioner of the United States.

Gen. Ruiz Rivera, who was Saturday inducted into the office of civil governor of Havana, was there to receive the arms, with a representative of Gen. Gomez, four or five Cuban officers and 15 reporters. Half a dozen American clerks, with the rolls of the American army, sat at a long table at the headquarters of the Eighth regiment. A bag of gold was displayed, but there were no applicants for a share of it.

The spectators spent the time in discussing why no Cubans appeared. Gen. Rivera said that though there were 4219 enrolled privates and non-commissioned officers in the Fourth corps, few of them lived in Havana. He explained that they were outside the city, and would probably appear at other places in the province and get their appointment. Nearly all the officers, he added, are in Havana.

Americans Made a Mistake.

The representative of Gomez, who has been acting with the latter in the interviews with Gov. Gen. Brooke, took a gloomy view of the affair. He said the Americans had made a mistake in stipulating that the Cubans must give up their arms, as this had caused a bad impression among the Cubans.

A group of Cuban officers, who proved to be some of Gen. Mayal Rodriguez's staff, had in the meanwhile assembled. They smiled at each other, twisted their mustaches, and grew confident as the quarter hours passed and no soldiers appeared. Finally they jested in a quiet way, at the whole proceeding.

One Man Will Get His Money.

Maj. Scott, Gen. Ludlow's adjutant, sent word that a man named Harris, a Cuban-American, serving a sentence in the penitentiary, would be sent under guard to get his \$75, so at least one man was sure to take the gratuity. About 400 men had been expected, and possibly many of these will come later. But the scheme of payment, so far as Havana is concerned, looks like a failure. Quite different results are expected in the country districts, where the Cuban military assembly and anti-Gomez influence is not as strong.

At noon Gen. Rivera left, remarking that it was wasting time to stay there, and Maj. Dodge went to the trocha to inform Gov. Gen. Brooke of the state of affairs.

Four professed privates appeared at about 11:20 without arms, but as their names were not on the rolls they were not paid.

Refuse to Take the Money.

Sagua la Grande, Province of Santa Clara, May 29.—The generals of the Cubans in this district met here Friday, adopted anti-Gomez resolutions, agreed to disband their commands and to cause their arms to be surrendered to the alcaldes, but to accept no money for them.

French Wheat Crop.

Paris, May 29.—An official report just published says the harvest of the winter crop promises exceedingly well, though their appearance is slightly inferior to those of 1903. In 15 departments they are very good, in 63 they are good, in six fairly good and in one department the crop is fair. The spring crops are in much the same condition.

Schley Leaves for Salt Lake.

Colorado Springs, Col., May 29.—Admiral Schley and party left here early in the day for the west in a special train on the Denver & Rio Grande railroad. They will stop for a few hours at Glenwood Springs and will resume their journey to Salt Lake at night.

Double Execution.

Winnipeg, Man., May 29.—Wasy Guszczak and Simon Czney, two Galicians, who murdered Wasy Hozjarsko and his four children at Stuarton last October, were executed here on the same scaffold. The drop fell at eight o'clock a. m.

Snow Blockade Lifted.

Leadville, Col., May 29.—After the blockade lasting four months, the South Park line has been opened and a train has reached here from Denver. The South Park officials announce that from now on the trains will be running regularly.

Perfumery Trust.

New York, May 29.—It is said that plans have been practically completed for a combination of the leading perfumery concerns in the country. The capitalization will be \$20,000,000 to \$25,000,000.

A Dead Man's Eyes

By William A. Tassie.

VIRGINIA CITY, Nev., in the flush days of the great Comstock lode. A man strolled down C street one June evening, and then struck into a trail which led upward along the slant of Mount Davidson. He was a large, broad-shouldered, full-bearded man. At a point where the trail diverged he stopped, as if for a short rest, and with his hat in his hand, turned to view the scene below him.

Another man trudged up the trail and paused when he descried the figure ahead of him. He was not cast in the heroic mold of the first. His face betrayed the Latin blood. There was a look of timidity even in his small, lead-like eyes as he watched the contented man above him. He wondered if all the things they said about Jim Sanders were true. Why was it he had no partner and worked his claim alone? Was there any truth in the rumor that Jim's claim was paying well, and that he was keeping his money hid instead of banking it? As to his own claim—well, that was a good and uncomplaining worker, and the cabin was all right to sleep in. Mining was a gamble anyway, and so was faro. Still one knew there was money in faro, if the cards came right. But this evening Jose Casandra was broke. A week before he had won a thousand dollars at a single sitting.

After a little while the object of his gaze moved on and Casandra followed, keeping well in the rear. When he arrived at the Sanders cabin, Jim stood in the doorway.

"Hello, Jim!"

"Hello, Jim!"

"How they comin'?"

"Broke, Jim," he said.

"Better leave the chips alone, Jose—there's nothing in it," said Jim, philosophically. "Why don't you help the poor Dutchman out? More money in that, Jose."

"Advice is cheap," replied Casandra, bluntly. "Bye think you'd be willing to give me anything else?"

"I might," said Jim, calmly knocking the ashes out of his pipe against his boot heel.

"Then lend me a hundred dollars."

"No, Jose, I won't; it wouldn't do me any good."

"I want none of your or your advice!" exclaimed Casandra, angrily. Striding swiftly away and up the trail to the cabin he shared with Gus.

The next morning, on his way to town, he stopped at Jim's cabin. In his mind was half-formed resolution to say some commonplace thing to Jim which the latter might accept as an apology for his rudeness of the previous evening. There was no sense in making an enemy of him. He threw away his cigarette and hesitatingly approached the door, which stood ajar, and looked in. What he saw startled him. Jim was lying on his side on the bed, with one arm thrown over his head. His big gray eyes were wide open and seemed to be looking Casandra full in the face.

"Mornin', Jim."

There was no response—not even the quiver of an eyelid. Casandra watched him uneasily for a moment, and then turned and went on his way to the town. He wondered if Jim always slept in such a queer fashion, and if such sleep was a sound one? It was late in the night when he passed the cabin again. The door was still ajar, and all was dark within.

The following day, shortly after sunrise, found him before the partly opened door. He had a premonition of what he would see as he suddenly pushed it wide open. Jim was still lying on his side with his arm over his head, the open eyes fixed on the doorway. In two steps Casandra was beside him. He put out his hand, involuntarily withdrew it for a second, and then, with an effort, placed it on the forehead of the man in bed. The touch was icy cold. Down over the heart went the hand; there was no response from that fountain head. Then Jose knew he was not looking upon sleep, murder or suicide? He threw off the bedclothes, expecting to see blood, but there was none. Just then he saw a sheet of writing paper lying on a table by the bedside. Picking it up eagerly, he read:

"Dear Brother: I have been taken suddenly ill to-night. If the worst should happen, when you come on, go at once into the shaft. In the second drift, exactly 24 feet from the shaft, dig—"

In an instant the paper was crushed in his hand and thrust into his shirt bosom. Furtively he looked around, as if in fear of being detected. He never thought of the body in the bed until his wandering gaze fell upon the pallid face and the distended eyes staring fixedly at him. Nervously he moved to the door; the eyes followed him. He stepped almost behind the bed, and yet felt himself almost within the range of the awful vision. Many dead men he had seen before, but some one had always closed their eyes for them. These eyes seemed to move like those of some old portrait.

It was late in the afternoon when he notified the coroner of his discovery. The body was taken down to the undertaker, and the coroner decided an inquest unnecessary. Sanders belonged to a masonic order that took charge of the funeral arrangements. The fact that Casandra left Virginia the night of the day the body was discovered was noted by some, but no special significance was attached to his departure.

Two months later in a gambling house at El Paso.

A crowd of men sitting and standing three deep about the faro table; the dealer pushing the cards out of the nickel plated box, unconcernedly paying the lucky bets and sweeping away the others; everyone oppressively

silent; all eyes on the different stacks of chips and the faithful box before the dealer; the money drawer of the table pulled far out, disclosing the shining twenties; and Jose Casandra "keeping cases," betting heavily, and losing.

He was too old a gambler to betray by an expression which way the weather vane of fortune pointed, and when he had lost three heavy bets in succession, not a muscle of his face changed as he calmly put a large stake on the ace to win and "coppered" the king for an equal amount. A hand reached over the fringe of the crowd and placed a modest number of chips on the same cards. The ace won; the king lost. Like all of his superstitious fraternity, he was quick to notice the slightest incident connected with a change of luck, and now waited for the hand before making his next venture. Again it came over the heads of the crowd, and this time played a combination of the five, six, seven, eight and nine to win, and the queen and jack to lose. Instantly Jose had \$200 on the same bets. Once more he was successful. When it came to call "the turn," the party behind him bet "tray-deuce." Jose did the same. The tray and deuce came out in the order named. Then he crashed in his chips a winner, and getting up from the table, pushed through the crowd to see who it was he had so luckily followed.

The man was in a distant corner of the room by himself. Jose's dark face became instantly livid, for he found himself looking into the eyes of Jim Sanders. The eyes were in the head of a tall, heavily-built and smooth-faced man.

"Who-are-you?" weakly gasped Jose, backing away.

"Who am I?" replied the other, in a peculiar way, although his eyes belied it. "Who am I? Why don't you know me?"

"Not—not—Jim?" same Jose's hoarse whisper, as he gazed in incredulous fright. But the blood was slowly coming back into his face. The voice was different, if the eyes were not.

"No, I'm Tom—Jim's brother. Jim's dead, ye know."

"Yes, I—I know; but your eyes? Damn you! Where'd you get those eyes?" The other advanced a step.

"My God! It is Jim!" he almost screamed, as he cringed in abject terror against the wall.

"Say, what kind of a feller are ye anyhow, to be so skeart about a feller's brother? Spose I her got Jim's eyes? Ain't they good enough?" Jim led a little the best of me—he was a half-hour older. I jest kem from Virginia. Everybody thought Jim left a stake, but he didn't, pore feller—astways, none that I could find. How long since you been there?"

Some of Jose's confidence was returning. He muttered an unintelligible reply.

"How much money you got?"

The colossal impudence of the question would have astounded any stranger. Jose looked angrily amazed. He started to reply with an oath, when suddenly his face changed.

"Don't look at me like that!" he whined.

"How much money you got?" repeated the big man, calmly but remorselessly.

Jose struggled with himself to keep silent; but the cold, deliberate and judging eyes compelled him to speak and tell the truth.

"Four—thousand—dollars," he faltered, barely above a whisper.

"So you've got four thousand dollars now?" echoed the other, in tones of great satisfaction.

Abject fright again swept into Jose's face. Four thousand? Why, that was exactly the amount he—

The thought was not even finished in his mind. He saw that the eyes read guilt in his own. By an almost superhuman effort he broke the hypnotic spell of the dreaded gaze and looked hurriedly about him for help. He tried to cry out, but his throat was dry. Then his hand shifted nervously behind him for his revolver.

"None o' that! None o' that!" cried his captor, warningly. "I've got my eyes on ye, and I've got good eyes—Jim's eyes, you call 'em. Jim's dead, but I've got his eyes in my head, and I kin see with 'em, too. I kin see ye're guilty—guilty o' stealing four thousand o' Jim's good money. I want that four thousand ye got."

Jose, blanched and terror-stricken, made a gesture of denial.

"No use o' denyin' it," resumed his nemesis, coldly and sternly, "for I warn't in Virginia for nothin'. I heard o' you thar. I was in that drift as well as yourself. Ye left a wide-open trail. Ye don't think I been follerin' ye for nothin', do ye? Ye don't think I've been keepin' my eyes—Jim's eyes—on ye to let ye git away from me now? Come outside and give me that money. Come on, now!"

With his face toward Jose he opened the door and stalked out. And Jose, powerless to resist, followed him into the night.

Richardson, the mine superintendent, and Thompson, the San Francisco stockbroker, sat talking over their coffee and cigars in Virginia's best restaurant.

"You say he saw the whole thing?"

"Yes."

"Well, it certainly is a remarkable story. When did he return?"

"Yesterday, I believe."

"Of whom are you speaking, Richardson?" some one asked from an adjoining table.

"Why, Jim Sanders, that fellow who went into a trance three or four months ago, and so narrowly escaped being buried alive."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Her First.

Adalbert—And so I am the first man that you have ever kissed?

Gaiety—Yes, Adalbert; the others all took the initiative.—Chicago Evening News.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

Important Decision.

Judge Sutherland has rendered a decision in Milwaukee in the case of Peter T. Diamond against the state board of dental examiners which brushes away at one stroke the contention of the board that it can establish certain rules and force all dental colleges to obey them. The judge says that the state board has no right to lay down rules for the government of colleges, as no such right is given it in the statute creating the board. The judge said the board had no more right to determine what shall constitute reputation than the members have to say what shall constitute incorporation. Any such claim, the court said, was without foundation and cannot be sustained.

Within the Revenues.

Gov. Scofield's stand in informing legislators just before they adjourned that he would not approve any expenditures above the income of the state will cut off improvements and additions at the home for the feeble-minded at Chippewa Falls and the new reformatory at Green Bay. These two institutions together were allowed over \$200,000, but at a special meeting of the board of control it was decided not to expend any money to enlarge these institutions until there were revenues in the treasury to meet such expenditure.

Serious Floods.

The Pike river dam near Amberg was carried away by high water and four other dams went out later. The bridge below Davis falls was swept away, the approach of the steel bridge near Amberg was carried out and the water was running over the structure. Twenty million feet of logs were scattered through the wood by the raging water at a total loss of \$50,000. The Dow dam, which was destroyed, was the last in the Menominee river region and the log drive on that stream will be hung up for the summer.

Was Well Known.

Seymour B. Strong, a retired merchant in Chippewa Falls, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head. Mr. Strong was one of the best-known men in northern Wisconsin and was conductor on the first railroad that came to Chippewa, 20 years ago. Despondency, due to long illness, caused him to take his life. He was 55 years of age and leaves a wife and five children.

Election Officers.

At the annual meeting in Sparta of the Woman's Christian Temperance union officers were re-elected as follows:

Mrs. Mary C. Upham, Marshfield, president; Mrs. Amy K. Morse, Park Falls, vice president; Mrs. W. A. Lawson, Baraboo, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Augusta Strong, Baraboo, recording secretary; Mrs. Ida M. Cooke, Green Bay, treasurer; Mrs. F. Hanchett, Madison, editor of the official W. C. T. U. paper, the Motor.

Missionary Officers.

At the first annual convention in Oshkosh of the Wisconsin Conference Society of the Woman's Home Missionary society the election of officers resulted as follows:

President, Mrs. Eliza Manchester, of Milwaukee; first vice president, Mrs. Myra E. East, of Appleton; corresponding secretary, Mrs. E. W. F. Bourke, of Oshkosh; recording secretary, Mrs. Walker, of Oshkosh.

Not Under the Ban.

Attorney-General Hicks has rendered an opinion holding that railroad mileage issued for newspaper advertising does not come under the ban of the anti-pass law recently enacted by the Wisconsin legislature providing it is given in good faith for value received, even though the recipient be a notary public or other official.

Beats a Train.

Steam was vanquished by human power when Charles L. Buell, an amateur pedestrian, journeyed on foot from Trevor to the Union stock yards in Chicago, a distance of 60 miles, in 12 hours and 25 minutes, or four hours and 25 minutes faster than the time occupied by a regular cattle train in making the distance.

Shot Himself.

Fred Matersch, a well-known business man in Manitowish and who was sergeant major of the Second Wisconsin volunteers in the war with Spain, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head. Temporary insanity is the only cause which can be assigned for the deed.

Pardoned.

Former Assemblyman King G. Staples, of Iron River, who is serving an 18-months sentence in the state prison for alleged larceny of town funds, has been pardoned by Gov. Scofield, evidence having been produced tending to show doubt of Staples' guilt.

The Choate-Hollister company has decided not to rebuild its plant recently destroyed by fire in Oshkosh.

Attorney W. W. Gilman, of Madison, has been appointed receiver for the United Farmers' Mutual Hall Insurance company of Sparta.

State Labor Commissioner Erickson has appointed four of the six state factory inspectors as follows: H. P. Polley, of Ladis; H. P. Fisher, of Milwaukee; Norman Black, of Marinette, and J. J. Williams, of Marshfield.

Rear Admiral Farquhar, of the Norfolk navy yard, has wired Congressman Cooper that the cannon on its way to Monroe is from Admiral Cervera's flagship, the Maria Theresa.

Mrs. Jessie O'Shea, a widow 74 years old, was knocked down and fatally injured by a runaway team in Eau Claire. John S. Owen, the Eau Claire lumberman, and Mrs. George B. Shaw, widow of Congressman Shaw, were married at the Palace hotel in San Francisco.

The house, sheds and wood piles of August Lawrence, a farmer living about two miles from Floy, were burned, the loss being \$10,000.

OLD-TIME TRUNK JUGGLING.

How Billy Staggly Transferred the Message for a Time at Prairie Junction.

"It has always seemed to me that about the slickest thing in the way of trunk juggling that I ever saw," said an old railroad man, "was something that a baggage man named Billy Staggly used to do at a place called Prairie Junction on the M. N. & T. road. Billy was running then on the old G. N. & Q., which was at that time an independent line, but practically a branch of the M. N. & T., coming in at Prairie Junction, running along back of the station at an angle and striking the M. N. track a hundred feet or more to the west. This included a sort of V-shaped open space, like a V lying down on its side, between their track on one side and the station and the M. N. track on the other, the widest part being back of the station. This part was planked over, from the station to the G. N. track, making a broad platform there, and when trains came in on the G. N. & Q. a man used to roll a baggage truck across this platform to the baggage car, and they'd get the baggage out on it, and then he'd roll it back across the broad platform to the station. That's the way they were doing there before Billy came—the way they do it under like circumstances everywhere; but Billy said that was all a waste of time, labor and trouble, and he soon put into operation here a transfer system of his own by which he easily put the trunks over alone.

"The trains on the G. N. used to halt with the baggage car right back of the rear door of the station. From the door of the station to the door of the car was maybe 50 feet. Billy could throw a trunk as far as any other man I ever knew. I don't know but what further; but he couldn't throw a loaded Santeago that distance, and what he used to do was to bound 'em over. He made fast in the middle of the platform a thick rubber cushion about as big as a door mat. Where he learned how to do this, or how he got the skill he had I don't know; he may have had a run somewhere before where there was a platform like that to cover, or it may be that he invented the system to meet this situation and then practiced up, somewhere, with a blank till he could hit the mark, but certain it is that he could stand in the door of his baggage car and throw a trunk in such a manner that it would land with one corner on the bounding pad and bound up and on plumb through the back door of the station every time. I was running then on the M. N. on a train that stopped at Prairie Junction, and we used to meet Billy's train on the branch, and often I've looked out down back of the station, where the branch came in, to see Billy bounding the trunks. After he'd got 'em started he'd keep two in the air all the time; starting one on its arched course through the air from the car door to the pad before the trunk ahead had disappeared through the door of the baggage room. And this went along just as nice and comfortable as could be till, as usual, something happened.

"Billy pulled down from the stack in the car one day, and rolled along on its end to the car door, a big, massive trunk, marked 'Snakes; Handle with Care.' Billy had seen the words 'handle with care' before, and he had also heard of trunks being marked 'Snakes; Dynamite' and that sort of thing, and so the marks on this massive trunk did not impress him strongly. He hustled it along to the doorway, seized it by the handle, lifted it and launched it through the air. Very likely this was the first trunk that Billy ever missed the mark with, and I don't suppose he'd have missed with this one if he hadn't broken just as he let go of it; but it missed the pad by about an inch and a half and came down on the hard platform with a bang that busted that corner wide open. Even as it was, the trunk bounded well up into the air. It had rubber knobs on its corners to protect it and the plank it struck on was sprung; but it didn't bound toward the station door; it was deflected at another angle; and as it rose snakes began dropping out of its hustled lower corner. A man who could easily have got out of the way, but for the fact that he was sort of fascinated by the sight of the falling snakes, was knocked down by the flying trunk and had his leg broken. This accident broke up Billy's transfer system at Prairie Junction. The super said they were proud of Billy as a baggage tosser, but that that one mishap had cost 'em in one way and another more than the life of a man to carry the baggage across would cost them for five years, and the first thing I knew the bounding pad had been taken up and the man was back with the baggage truck, rolled up in front of the baggage car door in the old familiar way."—N. Y. Sun.

To Wash Brushes.

Dissolve a piece of soda in some hot water with a few drops of cloudy ammonia. Put this in a basin, and after thoroughly combing out the hair from the brushes dip them bristles downward into the water and out again, keeping the backs and handles away from the water as much as possible. Repeat this until the bristles look clean, then raise the brushes in cold water; shake them well, but do not wipe them, as this makes them soft. Put the brushes to dry in the sun or by the fire.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

The Correct Answer.

In a recent civil service examination one of the questions asked was: "What apparatus is required in a well equipped electric lighting plant of 200 sixteen candle power lamps capacity?"

"None," was the answer of the candidate who won the examination.—Electrical Review.

HELPS FOR THE HOUSEWIFE.

A Few Suggestions Concerning the Preparation of Some Daily Dishes.

Creamed salmon, as prepared in the chafing dish, is one of the simplest and easiest of dishes to concoct, appealing, therefore, to the young cook still a little unsteady on her culinary "pins." All the ingredients should be measured and in readiness before the "maddening crowd" of spectators are seated at the table. Have on a small plate before you two plump little butter balls, each containing a tablespoonful of butter. On another sauce plate may be two tablespoonfuls of flour mixed with a half teaspoonful of salt and a few grains of cayenne. In a small bowl have the yolks of two eggs slightly beaten and covered with a damp cloth to exclude the air; also one cup of canned salmon, drained and flaked, and three-quarters of a cup of warmed milk. If you are the proud possessor of a dainty silver nutmeg grater, keep it in evidence, but if you have to depend on the very ordinary kitchen grater have a few gratings of nutmeg ready and mixed with the eggs. See that the alcohol lamp is filled, matches laid by its side, and the other concomitants of the feast set forth in daintiest guise. All things being in readiness, guests seated and grace said, the high priestess of the dish may light its generous flame, and lay in the blazer her two butter balls. As they melt before the eyes of the admiring audience, in goes the flour and seasoning. Stir a moment until the butter and flour have amalgamated, and pour in the milk gradually, stirring always from the bottom, and round and round, that all may be smooth and creamy. As it reaches that consistency, in should go the salmon. Stir again gently until thoroughly heated through, then turn down the flame, add the yolks of eggs and the nutmeg, and your dish is ready to serve on the hot plates which should await it.

One of the latest conveniences for the systematic housekeeper who wishes to keep a strict account of all her fares and expenses is an inventory book. This consists of a printed list with columns for each article, even to trunks, boxes and barrels, with date of entry, value and description. In case of fire, theft or death, this inventory book will be found invaluable, while even in the spring cleaning or moving it will prove a most efficient aid. Each room in the house has two pages given to it, including even closets, attics and cellars, while special lists are arranged for books, clothing, bric-a-brac, pictures, dishes, bedding, linen and the like.

An excellent breakfast relish evolved in the chafing dish or in a spider is bread sauce. Put two tablespoonfuls of butter in the blazer and when hot lay in two rather thick slices of bread, dipped in a beaten egg, mixed with three tablespoonfuls of milk. Brown on both sides, remove and put in the pan two tablespoonfuls chopped ham, two tablespoonfuls grated cheese and a half cup of cream. Season with a dash of cayenne, mix all together and when hot spread on toast.

To pan roast a young and tender fowl, southern style, sprinkle with dry yellow cornmeal, salt and pepper. Tuck the wings under, turn the neck around and cover with thin slices of salt pork or bacon. Put it in the pan inside up, and roast in a hot oven for ten minutes, then turn over and roast until a nice brown.—Washington Star.

EYELASHES AND BROWS.

If Well Cared for They Add Greatly to a Woman's Beauty—Some Simple Washes.

Mrs. Humphrey, on "How to Be Pretty Though Plain," advises women on the care of their hair, eyebrows and lashes. "Smooth, glossy eyebrows and long, dark lashes," she says, "add wonderfully to the beauty of a face, and women should care for these necessary adjuncts to their good looks. If the brows are thin and ill-formed rub pure grease or vaseline on them at night, bathing them carefully in cold water in the morning and then putting on a little petroleum. Never brush nor rub the brows the wrong way. Brush them daily with a small eyebrow brush and you will find an improvement. A solution of rose-water will prove an excellent lotion for the eyelashes. They should be bathed with it every morning. A little powdered borax in water is also good, or even a still smaller quantity of carbonate of soda. If a child has perfectly strong, healthy eyes the lashes may be improved by occasionally slightly trimming them; but this practice should be discontinued as one reaches maturer years. Brushing the eyebrows and eyelashes every morning with a solution of green tea improves them. There is no better lotion for the eyes than salt water. An excellent wash for red, tired eyelids is composed of a small quantity of sulphate of zinc dissolved in a quart of water. The eyes should be bathed in a little of this twice daily and gently dried with a soft rag. I have known this wash to cure obstinate cases of weak eyes."—Ladies' Home Journal.

A Good Spring Complexion. Bathe the face once a day with hot water that has a little borax dissolved in it. Rinse well with cold water, then dry with a white flannel cloth. Rub with cold cream. To still further improve the complexion, drink a cup of hot water before breakfast, another just before retiring. This aids digestion and when the digestion is good the appearance of health and good spirits is beautiful.—Chicago Evening News.

Must Vinegar.

To make mint vinegar put some fresh, clear mint leaves into a wide-mouthed bottle and fill up with pure vinegar. Cork the bottle and leave it for about three weeks; then pour the liquid off into a clean bottle without disturbing the sediment. Always keep this tightly corked and stand in a cool place.—Boston Globe.

WORK OF THE GLOUCESTER.

The Converted American Yacht's Great Achievement at Santiago.

Lieut. Commander Wainwright makes a spirited but modest report of his brilliant achievement at Santiago, where he commanded Mr. Pierpont Morgan's yacht Corsair, which had been converted into a gunboat and has become famous as the Gloucester.

"As we neared the destroyers, the shot and shell began to whistle about us in a lively fashion. I can remember with astonishment at not seeing any wounded or any sign of blood when I looked about the decks. The shell from the batteries on shore also fell about us. A shot from any one of them would have ended our usefulness.

"I did not see a man who was not doing his best to serve the guns, or one who wasted any time watching the enemy's shot. Bond, the chief boatswain's mate, fired the forward three pounder, and it was a cheerful sight to see how coolly he took aim, and what beautiful shots he made. Green, a young quartermaster, who steered the ship during the action, was as cool as at drill, and never made a mistake. When the firing-pin of one of the six-pounders dropped out in the heat of the action, the breech-block was removed and the pin replaced by Bee, chief gunner's mate, as rapidly as if at drill.

"The Maxim automatic one-pounders from the Pluton and the Furor appeared likely to be our most dangerous enemies. When we came within three thousand yards of the destroyers these guns began to play rapidly in our direction. Their fire could be traced by the splashes of the projectiles coming closer and closer to us. When they began to fall about 20 yards from us, the water was stirred up as if a hail-storm was raging, the fire suddenly ceased. Had these guns secured our range, the execution on board would have been terrible, and the Gloucester would have been disabled, if not sunk.

"When within twelve hundred yards I ordered the two small Colt rifles to open fire. Daymaster Brown had been given charge of these guns at the beginning of the cruise, and he had worked over and fired them until they became formidable weapons in his hands. He, with one gun, and Chipman with the other kept a stream of small bullets pouring on the enemy. After the action the prisoners spoke of the deadly effect of these guns.

"Toward the end of the action we were making over 17 knots and closing in on the destroyers rapidly. The remainder of the enemy's vessels had rounded the point ahead, and our rear vessel, the Indiana, was just rounding this point. Huse called my attention to the Teresa and the Oquendo, heading in toward shore. We thought they were attempting to escape our vessels by running inside of them and making for the harbor. Should they do this, we would be exposed to their rapid-fire battery at close range, and would be destroyed. There was only one thing to do: close in with the destroyers, so that they would be sunk with us by their own vessels. As we found out later, the ironclads had turned in to run ashore.

"Shortly after this I could see that the Pluton was slowing down, as the distance lessened between her and the Furor, and it soon became apparent that she was disabled. Up to this time the forward guns had been firing on the Pluton, and the after-guns on the Furor. I now ordered the battery to be concentrated on the latter boat. We were within six hundred yards of her, and every shot appeared to strike. And now came the most exciting moment of the day: the Pluton was run on the rocks and blew up; and at the same time the Furor turned toward us. It appeared to be a critical situation. She might succeed in torpedoing us, or she might escape up the harbor. But as she continued to circle, it became evident that she was disabled, and her helm was jammed hard over. Our fire had been too much for her.

"As the Furor turned toward us, the flag-ship New York, coming up from the east under the fire of all the batteries, let drive two or three shots at her. I hoisted the signal, 'Enemy's vessels destroyed.' She gave us three cheers, and kept on under high speed after the big vessels.—Century.

Oh, Death, Where is Thy Sting? The boycotting of the luckless Mexican ambassador by representatives of the other powers at Washington recalls an anecdote of a recently deceased clubman. He was present one evening at a little musical gathering when an aspirant for honors as a pianist began playing one of the national airs of Mexico, "La Paloma." His execution was deadly, and he langed and thumped the instrument until it was a fit subject for the interference of the Humane society. Finally he whirled around on the stool and said: "The you notice the sir I was playing? Well, when they let Maximilian out to be shot, they asked him what tune he would like to be shot by, and he selected 'La Paloma.' Do you know why?"

"Yes," replied the clubman, as he glared at the executioner of the tune. "I suppose it robbed death of half its terrors."—Louisville Times.

Amusing Anecdotes.

Prominence brings with it all kinds of trouble, the biggest of which is the annoyance from cranks. During Victoria's long reign she has been pursued by these visionaries. The most noted crank who ever bothered England's queen was a man, or boy, named Jones. He stuck at nothing to find out as much as possible about her majesty. He was always appearing in the most unexpected places, and managed to slip into the palace times without number. Once he was discovered under the table in a sitting room, and ignominiously ejected. Four times was he taken to jail before he disappeared for good.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

CLARK & LENNON - Builders' and Lumbermen's Hardware.

LOCAL TIME TABLES.

Chicago & Northwestern R'y
NORTH BOUND
No. 11-Daily..... 5:50 a. m.
No. 17-Ashland Mall and Express..... 1:25 p. m.
SOUTH BOUND
No. 4-Daily..... 11:22 p. m.
No. 2-Ashland Mall and Express..... 11:14 a. m.
H. C. B. EYER, Agent.

Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie R'y

EAST BOUND
Atlantic Limited..... 1:55 a. m. Daily
Accommodation..... 9:10 p. m. Dec. Sun.
WEST BOUND

Pacific Limited..... 1:55 a. m. Daily
Accommodation..... 9:10 p. m. Dec. Sun.
Soo Line train arrives and departs from St. Paul, Minn., on and after Nov. 19, 1906.
Close connections for Tomahawk, Eau Claire, Duluth, Marinette, Menomonie, Waupaca, Stevens Point, Madison, Chicago and beyond and all points on Wisconsin Central R'y.
P. Day, Agent.

RHINELANDER LODGE No. 212, F. & A. M.
Regular communication First and Third Tuesdays of each month.
C. H. WOODCOCK, Sec. E. C. STEUBERT, W. M.

RHINELANDER CHAPTER No. 74, E. A. M.
Regular convocation Second and Fourth Tuesdays of each month.
A. TAYLOR, Sec. W. B. LASELLE, H. P.

CLAMBEAU LODGE No. 28, K. of P.
Regular Communication every Friday.
J. F. PARKER, K. of R. and S.
N. T. BALDWIN, C. C.

I. O. F.
Court Juvenia, 1975.

Meetings at I. O. F. Hall second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.
J. A. WATSON, C. R. S. R. STONE, R. S.

John Godkin arrived in the city Monday.

Frank Knapp was over from Harshaw Monday.

Allen James returned Saturday from his western trip.

Massury & Sons' famous paints for sale at Clark & Lennon's.

H. Krause, of Marshfield, was a Rhinelander caller Monday.

Henry W. Arnett, of Woodboro, was in town last Saturday.

J. E. Mullenwey was over from Tomahawk Lake last Friday.

Geo. W. Bishop spent Decoration Day with his family in the city.

Wm. Ball, the wet goods man of Harshaw, was in the city Decoration day.

Assemblyman Jensen, of Waupaca county, was in the city Monday on business.

Why is the Cash Department Store the best and cheapest place in the city to trade?

Try Plastic for wall finishing. The best wall finish in the market, at Clark & Lennon's.

W. L. Beers was down to Phlox, Langlade county, Tuesday on business.

Seats for the Brehany concert are now on sale at the Cash Department Store.

T. Smith, formerly of this city, now of Clintonville, was in Rhinelander a few days this week.

Everywhere the Louise Brehany Concert appears they receive very flattering press notices.

Sauvot, the pianist, who shared honors with Brehany, is a member of the Louise Brehany Co., at the opera house June 7.

A head looks better under a neat hat and we have them at less than ever before at the Cash Department Store.

Miss Brehany has been a soloist with Sousa's band since her last appearance here with Brehany. At the opera house June 7.

The time for refrigerators is now with us. The kind of refrigerators to buy are to be found at Clark & Lennon's store. The Challenge and Iceberg refrigerators are recognized as the leaders.

George Whitney came down from Arbor Vitae to see his old favorite, John L. Sullivan. George had read so much about the famous fighter that he resolved to take a day off and see what he looked like.

Nonh Webster says a bargain is an agreement. Good! We want to make such a deal with you. It's this: You give us a little money tomorrow and we agree to give you greater value at the Cash Department Store.

Last fall I sprained my left hip while handling some heavy boxes. The doctor I called on said at first it was a slight strain and would soon be well, but it grew worse and the doctor then said I had rheumatism. It continued to grow worse and I could hardly get around to work. I went to a drug store and the drug-gist recommended me to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I tried it and one-half of a 25-cent bottle cured me entirely. I now recommend it to all my friends.—F. A. BAYCOCK, Erie, Pa. It is for sale by Anderson & Hlaman.

Alex. Stewart came up from Wausau Monday.

F. L. Cusick, of Antigo, spent Sunday in Rhinelander.

M. A. Hurley, the Wausau attorney, was in the city Monday.

John R. Graham, of Phillips, transacted business here last week.

Work was commenced on the new barn for D. Hammel & Co. last week.

W. E. Brown purchased a new surrey from the Lewis Hdw. Co. last week.

Several changes were made in the working forces of the barber shops of the city last week.

A Farmer's Institute, conducted by W. C. Bradley, will be held at Elcho, Langlade County, June 15.

Mrs. D. J. Cole left Monday for Grand Rapids, Plover and Appleton where she will spend the week.

The Congregational Ladies Aid Society will meet with Mrs. Klumb, Wednesday, June 7, at 3:30 o'clock.

See the new Franklin air churn at Clark & Lennon's. It makes nice hard, firm butter in three minutes.

A. J. Calkins, representing the Portage Hosiery Co., of Portage, Wis., transacted business here last week.

Leather in shoes is not everything. Our reputation in shoes stands for good leather and lots of comfort.

Cash Department Store.

Mrs. Thos. McDermott and child, who departed Thursday for Clintonville, where they will spend some time with their relatives.

Mrs. L. Steadman and son Kenneth, of South Bend, Indiana, are visiting Mrs. Steadman's sister, Mrs. Clyde Bronson this week.

Miss Margaret Nash, saleslady in Crusoe's Bargain Department Store, left Monday for Merrill where she spent Decoration Day.

What you want is not temporary relief from piles but a cure to stay cured. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures piles and they stay cured.

J. J. REARDON.

An evidence of what our farmers are doing is shown by the sales of one of our hardware stores this spring. Fourteen mowers have been sold to residents of the county.

Frank Steiner, editor of the Three Lakes Enterprise, and Notary Public, was in Rhinelander Friday, having business with Clerk of Court Sturdevant. He attended the meeting of the Knights of Pythias in the evening, of which he is a respected member.

J. A. Scheer, of Sedalia, Mo., saved his child from death by cruphy using One Minute Cough Cure. It cures coughs, colds, pneumonia, in grippe and all throat and lung troubles.

J. J. REARDON.

Mrs. M. A. V. Clark, of Menominee, Wis., arrived in town Monday for a visit of three weeks with her son, G. H. Clark, and Mrs. Perry Clark. She will be accompanied upon her return home by Miss Maud Clark who will visit at Menominee during the school vacation.

There is a time for all things. The time to take DeWitt's Little Early Risers is when you are suffering from constipation, biliousness, sick-head-ache, indigestion or other stomach or liver troubles.

Miss Ethel Shepard leaves for Chicago Friday night where she will join her mother, from there going to Saratoga, N. Y., for the summer. Miss Shepard will teach in one of the ward schools in Minneapolis the coming year.

Mrs. Kate McIndoe leaves Saturday afternoon for Wausau where she will spend Sunday. On Monday Mrs. McIndoe, accompanied by Mrs. Sarah Alexander, will leave for Lima, Ohio, to attend the wedding of her son Archie.

To cure piles, STRIKE AT THE ROOT—that's the way. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve STRIKES AT THE ROOT. It removes the cause quickly and permanently. Don't squander time and money in a vain effort to remove the EFFECTS.

J. J. REARDON.

Fishes are weighed in their own scales, an elephant packs his own trunk, but rats never tell their tales and one seldom gets chink in a chunk. Sick ducks never go to a quack, a horse cannot plow his own main, a ship is not built by a tack, and a window never suffers a pain. Dogs seldom wear their own pants, which fact lay them open to scorn; no nephew or niece fancies ants; and a cow never blows her own horn. A cat cannot parse her own claws, a porcupine nibbles his own quill; though orphaned bears still have their own paws, a bird will not pay its own bills.—Ex.

Pasturized Cream at Keeble's, 2c quart.

Pasturized milk at Keeble's Bakery, 5c quart.

Pasturized Creamery butter at Keeble's, 22 cents pound.

Banker McKenzie, of Eagle River, was a Rhinelander caller last Friday.

Wm. Dunwoody was down from Star Lake Monday, calling on his old acquaintances.

The High School Senior class was entertained by Prof. and Mrs. Iyer Monday evening.

Town Chairman Wheeler, of Hazelhurst, was in the city last Saturday on business.

Raymond LaSelle is expected home from Wausau tomorrow, having completed his course in the Wausau Business University.

FOR SALE—At a sacrifice, fifteen (15) shares of stock in Lewis Hardware Company. Will sell shares singly or wholly. For particulars enquire of B. W. McCANN.

There's but one pair of feet in the city which we cannot fit, and they are not yours.

Cash Department Store.

The Rhinelander post office will be advanced to the rank of second class the 1st of July and the yearly salary of Postmaster Parker will be raised to \$2000.00 by reason of the advancement.

T. W. Maxson, the Waupun cigar manufacturer, was in the city Monday. Mr. Maxson, until recently, was the owner of the building on Stevens street occupied by Wilson & Hull.

Miss Ethel LaSelle arrived home last Thursday morning from Chicago where she has been studying voice culture in the Chicago Conservatory of Music the past winter.

There is serious talk on Stevens St. of having that street changed to Michigan Avenue, for that is the street where the boys from up the bay gather to have their friendly knock-downs.

H. C. Braeger, E. C. Sturdevant, Hugh Vaughn, Harry Raymond and Arthur Taylor spent Sunday at Tomahawk Lake fishing. They caught a nice string of bass and pike also a fine muskallonge.

A hot weather cooler—one of our shirt waists.

Cash Department Store.

Since the season for catching pickerel, bass and muskallonge opened, a great many have taken advantage of it. Fishing parties have been out in every direction, and most of them have returned with good strings. Geo. Dean, Mark Shafer and the editor were Sunday guests of John Moen, at Hebard. The party drove over early in the morning, arriving in time for breakfast. Fred Langlois, who has charge of the beanyery, was up betimes and had everything in readiness for a good square meal, which he is capable of dishing up in first-class style, as was proven by the looks of Dean and Shafer, who were filled up so they looked like young Kangaroos, and Moen hadn't treddled them out. Langlois wouldn't have had enough left for one to eat, say nothing about the seventy-five he had to feed. After partaking of the meal, Mr. Moen and party started out to try their luck with the hook and line. Their efforts were not in vain, for upon returning to the boarding house they exhibited a fine string of muskallonge, pickerel and black bass.

What we say is true. What we say is legitimate. What we promise is fulfilled.

Cash Department Store.

We desire to call the attention of our readers to the "ad" of THE ROBERT F. ROSE SCHOOL FOR SHORTHAND. Mr. Rose, who has charge of the instruction, is perhaps the best known shorthand writer in the United States. In 1894 he reported the speeches of now President Wm. McKinley, on his western trip, for the Chicago Tribune, and in 1896 accompanied Wm. Jennings Bryan on his famous campaign, as the correspondent of the Associated Press, reporting every speech made by the Free Silver champion. He guarantees to teach shorthand in twenty-eight weekly lessons. Mr. Rose is recommended by the managing editors of the New York World and all Chicago papers. This is undoubtedly the best opportunity to acquire a thorough knowledge of the "winged" art ever offered.

Thomas Thurman, deputy sheriff of Troy, Mo., says if everyone in the United States should discover the virtue of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve for piles, rectal troubles and skin diseases, the demand could not be supplied.

J. J. REARDON.

CRUSOE'S Bargain Department Store.

Now Is The Time—If You Want The Best

Summer Goods.

Dress Lawns. A large range of pretty patterns in summer colorings. Per yard, 4c.	Covert Cloth. The popular goods for suits and skirts. Best quality. Colors, gray, blue, brown and green. Per yard, 12 1-2c.	Dimities. Figured and striped—small designs—25 styles. The 15 cent kind. Per yd. 10c.	Wash Goods. Twenty patterns—striped and dotted Piques. The "most for the money" in these. Per yard 12 1-2c.
Linens. A few left but going. Those large, fancy pattern, pure white linen, double-hem stitched, knotted fringe towels, worth 40c. Price each, 29c.	Hosiery. Men's fancy cotton hose, cheap at 15c. Special price, 2 pairs for 25c.	Umbrellas. The best steel rod umbrella ever exhibited for the money. Price each 50c.	Underwear. Ladies' and misses' good quality summer vests—15c quality. Our price each 10c.
Boys' Ready made blouse-waists of neat looking wash goods. Each 35c.	Window Shades. A dozen different green shades in opaque window blinds. Each 25c.	Organdies. The very newest and prettiest of the season. Worth 25c. Our price per yard, 25c.	Beauty Pins. A new one, large size, double rolled gold plate, each, 5c.
Elastic Belting. All silk elastic belting. Black or white. Per yard, 60c.	Belt Buckles. The best and newest. The stylish buckle. Each 39c.	Corsets. No better summer corset anywhere for 70c. Our price, each 39c.	Infants' Muslin hats and bonnets, 12c to 25c. Silk hats and bonnets, each 50 and 48c.

CHAS. E. CRUSOE & CO.

New Dwelling for Rent.
Dwelling house, containing six rooms, located in Sixth Ward on Mercer street. Inquire of FRANK BERRY, Agent.

Lots For Sale
In all parts of the city at less than half price. E. H. KERR.

Money To Loan.
On first-class real estate security. Interest six per cent. Address LAWRENCE UNIVERSITY, Appleton, Wis. 6tn1j5

Are You Going
To the N. E. A. Meeting at Los Angeles, July 11-14? If so, and you wish to accompany the "Wisconsin Special" write at once to Jas. C. Pond, General Passenger Agent, Wisconsin Central Lines, Milwaukee, Wis. July 6

Cows! Cows! Cows!
John Hess has the finest lot of milk cows ever brought to Rhinelander—Guernseys, Durhams, Jerseys—the best breeds and every one guaranteed. Call at his farm and see the beauties. Eight new milchers received this week.

For Sale.
House and Two Lots in Sixth Ward. House nine rooms, nicely painted and yard neatly laid out. Located within two blocks of South Park school. Call at residence for full particulars. 5tn11-25 O. A. EDWARDS.

Notice to Bicyclists.
The ordinance of the city provides that no one shall ride a bicycle on the sidewalk faster than eight (8) miles an hour, and when passing a person on foot not faster than four (4) miles an hour, and when passing a baby carriage or a child under four years of age not accompanied by a grown person, the bicyclist shall dismount. The public will take notice that hereafter this ordinance will be strictly enforced.

E. P. BREVANS, Mayor
Rhinelander, Wis., May 6, 1906.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878—Notice for Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE.
Wausau, Wis., May 17, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," Frank S. Robbins, of Rhinelander, County of Oneida, State of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 54 for the purchase of the S.E. 1/4 of Section No. 12, in Township No. 37 N., Range No. 2 E., and will offer proof to show that the land is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of the office at Wausau, Wis., on Monday, the 21st day of July, 1906. He claims as follows: James Young, H. B. Callahan, William Tomelty, Ben Smith, all of Rhinelander, Wis., and all persons claiming a thereby the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 21st day of July, 1906.
EUGENE T. WHEELER, Register.
10m25j27

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